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THE HANEY FAMILY

A BRIEF RECORD

**THE HANEY FAMILY**

A BRIEF RECORD  
OF AN AMERICAN CLAN

BY

WILLIAM HANEY

PHILADELPHIA

1900



**THE HANEY FAMILY**

✓  
**A BRIEF RECORD  
OF AN AMERICAN CLAN**

**BY**

**JOHN LOUIS HANEY**

**PRESIDENT, THE HANEY FAMILY ASSOCIATION**

**PHILADELPHIA**

**1930**



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NOTE TO

ADAM AND EVE

but for whom  
there would have been no  
occasion for this record

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RECORD OF THE HANEY FAMILY  
1800-1850  
HANAY FAMILY ASSOCIATION  
1910-1911

**NOTE**

This record of the Haney Family has been published by the author for distribution among the members of the Haney Family Association. All communications should be addressed to Dr. John Louis Haney, 6419 Woodbine Avenue, Overbrook, Philadelphia, Pa.

NOTE

This report of the Board of Directors for the year ending December 31, 1910, is published in the report for the year ending December 31, 1911. All transactions which occurred in the year ending December 31, 1910, are reported in the report for the year ending December 31, 1911.



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OF THE  
HANEY FAMILY ASSOCIATION  
OTTSVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA  
(Organized, 1910)  
1930

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DR. JOHN LANE STANT, SAID STANT AND STANT AND STANT

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MR. STANT (SAID STANT AND STANT AND STANT)

1955

MR. J. LANE STANT, SENATOR

1955

MR. STANT (SAID STANT AND STANT AND STANT)

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DR. JOHN LANE STANT, SAID STANT AND STANT

OPPOSITION LIST

MR. STANT (SAID STANT AND STANT AND STANT)

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## INTRODUCTION

My interest in the history of the Haney Family began at the age of sixteen, when I came across a copy of William J. Buck's "Account of the Buck Family of Bucks County, Pennsylvania" (1893) and found therein interesting references to our ancestors dating back as far as 1745. Since that time, whenever opportunity afforded, I gleaned further information about the early Haney in Pennsylvania.

The inauguration of the Haney Reunions in 1910 and the organization of the Haney Family Association under the leadership of my uncle, the late Michael G. Haney, of Ottsville, Pa., stimulated that interest and made available new sources of information. It was impossible, however, to make a proper search of the scattered records in the manner of a professional genealogist. During the past twenty years I had hoped that some Haney who was nearer the sources of our family history might undertake the task. Now that our Association is rounding out its second decade and the really capable Historian has not yet appeared, it seemed desirable to commit the present material to print, in spite of its shortcomings. Members of the family will find many gaps and not a few errors in the following record, but they should know that out of one hundred and fifty questionnaire-blanks which were sent out, only ninety were returned. All Haney's are asked to send me corrections and supplementary information, which will then be available for some later and less handicapped Historian.

The readers of this record are requested not to take too seriously much of the first chapter, in which authentic history may seem to have been supplemented by a liberal allowance of Celtic imagination. The line has been carried back to the Garden of Eden for the benefit of those Haney's who may wish to have something to say for themselves when members of other families boast of descent from Charles II, William the Conqueror, or some other shady Old World personage.

Acknowledgment of kind assistance is due to Rev. Father John P. Schillo, of the Church of St. John the Baptist, Haycock Run, Pa., and to Rev. Father Aloysius Scherf, of the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Bally, Pa., who made available certain early



entries in their respective parish records; to Mr. Warren Ely, of the Historical Library at Doylestown; to Mr. J. D. Hackett, of the Irish-American Historical Society in New York City; and to Miss Helen A. Deavy, of the American Catholic Historical Society. Among the members of the family, in addition to the ninety who sent back the information on the formal blanks, special thanks are due to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Sigafos, of Doylestown, Mr. D. S. Trauger, of Bedminster, and Mr. John Dubbs, of Philadelphia, for their personal co-operation and interest.

A final word of tribute is appropriate to the memory of three Haney no longer in the world of the living. These are, first of all, Michael G. Haney, of Ottsville, who will hereafter be honored as the Founder of the Haney Family Association; secondly, to Harvey S. Haney, of New York City, for seventeen years (1911-1928) the active and inspiring President of the Association; and thirdly, his mother, Sarah E. Sigafos Haney, of Quakertown, so many years a leading spirit at our Reunions—the “Aunt Sallie” of all who came to know her on those memorable occasions.

JOHN LOUIS HANEY

July 29, 1930

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"The United States is a house not made with hands. Into it have gone the sacrifices and prayers of many generations. While it is by no means complete, it is already the most comfortable habitation which a nation ever enjoyed. Its prevailing atmosphere is marked by progress, peace and tranquility. Sectional animosities have disappeared. Industrial conflicts have almost ceased. Her territorial integrity is secure. Her constitutional liberties are protected by the eternal vigilance of her people. Our country is still worthy of those who have made such great sacrifices in its behalf, still determined to improve the opportunities which those sacrifices created, still loyal to the faith of the past, still inspired by the hope of the future."

CALVIN COOLIDGE

THE FIRST PART OF THIS REPORT CONCERNS THE  
GENERAL SITUATION OF THE ECONOMY IN THE  
REPUBLIC OF POLAND IN THE YEAR 1952. THE  
SECOND PART OF THE REPORT CONCERNS THE  
RESULTS OF THE ECONOMIC POLICY IN THE  
YEAR 1952. THE THIRD PART OF THE  
REPORT CONCERNS THE PROSPECTS FOR  
THE YEAR 1953. THE FOURTH PART OF  
THE REPORT CONCERNS THE CONCLUSIONS  
AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

GENERAL CONCLUSIONS

## THE HANEY FAMILY IN THE OLD WORLD

Many Americans, although they declare themselves enthusiastic supporters of the democratic ideals laid down in the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and the Gettysburg Address, seem to be proud if they can trace their ancestry to some notable European sovereign, such as Charlemagne, King Alfred, or Robert Bruce. Those who claim descent through some obscure branch of the royal family of France may even declare that through Alexander the Great they are descended from Zeus. The Haney Family do not assume descent from the Olympian gods, but, through the zealous researches of early Irish annalists, the Haney family may apparently take pride in being descendants of Adam and Eve.

When Mark Twain visited the Holy Land he made a pilgrimage to the tomb of Adam and Eve, where he shed a tear in memory of those distinguished ancestors. While it is possible that Mark shed his tear in the wrong place, his act was commendable. There has been entirely too much frivolity about our usual references to Adam and Eve. They deserve more respect from their numerous offspring.

The origin of the Haney Family is set forth in the fifth chapter of Genesis, where the first eight generations of the human race are recorded as: (1) Adam; (2) Seth; (3) Enos; (4) Cainan; (5) Mahalaleel; (6) Jared; (7) Enoch; (8) Methuselah. Apart from Adam, the last-named is the most noted of these, and for no other reason than the fact that he managed to live 969 years. It is not known that he did anything notable, although he had plenty of time on his hands. Moreover, he gets all the glory for longevity, when, apart from his father Enoch, who was probably in delicate health and died at the early age of 365, all of Methuselah's mentioned ancestors lived to be at least 895 years; in fact, all but one got to be over 900 years old. Even Adam, in spite of his troubles, attained 930 years. Jared reached 962, but Methuselah gets all the honor by a narrow margin of seven years.

Apart from the old-age record, the principal thing to Methuse-



lah's credit was his becoming the father of Lamech, who in turn became the father of Noah, most notable of the sons of Adam to that time. The episode of the Flood meant the destruction of the entire human race with the exception of eight persons: Noah and his wife, his three sons with their respective wives. Unfortunately we do not know the names of the four women from whom the entire population of the earth descended. The three sons were Shem, Ham and Japheth. When Noah divided the known world among those sons so that each might have ample room for his progeny, Shem received Asia from the Euphrates to the Indian Ocean; Ham received Syria, Arabia, and Africa; Japheth, the favorite son, received Asia beyond the Euphrates and all of Europe.

Japheth in turn apportioned his territory among his fifteen sons, seven of whom are named in the Bible (Genesis, 10:2). His second son, Magog, who lived where Nineveh was built, became the ancestor of the Parthians, the Bactrians, the Amazons, and the Irish. Magog's son Baoth was a contemporary of Nimrod, the mighty hunter, and became King of Scythia, where the old Celtic language was spoken. Another son of Magog became an ancestor of Saint Patrick. Baoth's son Fenius was the ancestor of the Phoenicians, who were related to the Irish. Fenius's son Niul was less prominent, but Niul's son Gaodhal refined and adorned the Celtic tongue to such an extent that it was henceforth known as Gaodhilig, or Gaelic. He is regarded as the founder of the Clan-na-Gael and was a contemporary of Moses, who on one occasion cured Gaodhal of a serpent's bite. The bite left a green scar on Gaodhal's neck, the first association of the color green with the Irish. He received a blessing to the effect that no venomous beast or serpent should ever live in the land that his posterity were eventually to inhabit.

Gaodhal's son Asruth ruled over Egypt, but after military defeats had to withdraw with a few followers to the island of Crete, whence his son Heber Scut later departed for Scythia. After dwelling there four generations, his descendants wandered to the Caspian Sea and ruled in Getulia (Gothia). A prophecy of the Druids foretold that they were some day to dwell in the Western Island of Europe, so finally Brath, thirty-third in the direct line of descent from Adam, sailed toward the setting sun, but he did not get beyond the coast of Spain. He settled with the people in Galicia. His son Breoghan became King of all Spain and Portugal. Breo-



ghan's son Bilé ruled next and was in turn succeeded by his own son Milesius.

At this point occurred an important event in the history of the Haney Family. While Bilé still ruled, Milesius as a venturesome youth visited Scythia, where he became a great general. Later he went to Egypt, where he was highly honored by Pharoah, who put him in command of the army. His military exploits were so remarkable that he won the hand of Pharoah's daughter in marriage. This was probably the same Pharoah (I Kings, 3:1) who permitted another daughter to become one of the numerous wives of King Solomon. Thus the Haneys may add a line of Egyptian Pharoahs to such noteworthy ancestors as Adam, Methuselah, and Noah.

After spending eight years in Egypt, Milesius returned to Spain, where he subdued his enemies in fifty-four battles. A famine that lasted twenty-six years finally convinced Milesius that his people were being punished for not seeking their destined home on the Western Island. He made preparations to invade Ireland, but died before he could accomplish his purpose. Thereafter his eight sons departed from Brigantia (Corunna, Spain), only to have their fleet dispersed in a storm in which five of the brothers perished. The three surviving brothers became the ancestors of nearly all the many kings of Ireland. Most of the sovereigns were descended from Heber, the eldest and Heremon, the youngest of the three. Heremon was an ancestor of the Kings of Scotland, the Kings of England, most of the royal houses of Europe, and the Haney Family.

Space does not permit naming the various kings of early Irish history, but their reigns are chronicled in the ancient annals. The 21st King, Ollav Fola, ruled with great wisdom forty years at a period seven centuries before Christ. Several centuries later Macha Mong Ruad (the Red-haired Queen) held sway. Her son Ugani Mor conquered Britain and ruled Europe to the Mediterranean. About the time of Christ the King of Ireland was Conor MacNessa, renowned in ancient legends of the Sons of Usnach, the Tale of Coolney, and the Red Branch Knights. The sad story of the Sorrows of Deirdre is little to the credit of King Conor. His foster-son Cuchullain ranked as the greatest of heroes in this brilliant period of Irish history. Without a break the line of descent goes down from Adam to such kings as Fiacha of the White Cows; Tuathal Feachtmar (the Desired), who fought 133 battles; Feid-limid Rehtnar, the Lawgiver; Conn of the Hundred Battles, the 110th





King and a notable hero; Art-Ean-Thear, the lonely King; Cormac MacArt, 115th King, regarded as the greatest of them all and ruling 226—246 A. D.; his son Carbri of the Liffey, 117th King; his son Fiacha, 120th King; his son, Muiredeach Tireach, 122d King; and his son Eochaid Muigh-Medon, also known as Eochy Moyvane, who ruled 357—365 A. D. as the 124th King, and as in the 86th generation of direct descent from Adam.

At this point in the 4th Century A. D. the line of Haney descent is diverted from the royal line of Ireland into less historic channels. King Eochaid married twice. By his first wife, Mong Fionn, daughter of the King of Munster, he had four sons, Brian, Olioll, Frachia, and Fergus. By his second wife, Carthann, he had his favorite son, Niall Mor, who became King of Ireland (378—405), and is famous as Niall of the Nine Hostages. His descendants were Kings of Ireland for six centuries and are today represented in the O'Neills of Ulster, Meath and Connaught.

Two legends are told to explain why Niall, the youngest brother, gained the throne, rather than his older half-brothers. Once, when the young princes were traveling with their father they came across a smith's forge that had caught fire. King Eochaid, to test his sons, ordered each to save what he could. Brian drew some valuable chariots from the fire; Olioll saved a shield and a sword; Frachia, a trough; and Fergus, a bundle of firewood. Niall, however, rescued the bellows, the anvil, and the sledges, so that the smith might resume his labors. Eochaid was so impressed by the youth's judgment that he said, "Niall shall succeed me as High King of Ireland." According to the other legend, the five brothers while hunting one day became very thirsty and rejoiced when they came across a spring of bubbling water. To their dismay, the spring was guarded by a repulsive and withered hag, who declared she would only grant a draught of the water to the one who would first kiss her. The older brothers could not face the ordeal, but Niall stepped forward and promptly kissed the hideous crone, whereupon she was instantly transformed into a supremely beautiful maiden. Before she permitted the older brothers to quench their thirst she required them to renounce their claims to the throne to Niall and to acknowledge their fealty to him.

Of these four brothers of the lucky Niall, the first, Brian, became the ancestor of the O'Connors, who were chieftains in Connaught; the second Olioll (or Ailill) had numerous descendants



among the chieftains of Sligo; the third, Frachia, became an ancestor of the Haney Family. He had five sons, Earc, Breasal, Conaire, Dathi, and Awly. They and their sons were kings in Cannaught until about 1100 A. D., but Dathi and his son Ailill Molt were the only members of this branch who became kings of Ireland. With those two exceptions the sovereigns for six centuries were descendants of Niall.

Among the descendants of Dathi's two brothers, Earc and Awly, were the chieftains O'h Eanna, who between the 11th and 16th centuries controlled Fermanagh, a mountainous county in southwest Ulster on both sides of Lough Erne. Like the other offspring of the first wife of King Eochaid, their careers were largely obscured by the brilliant feats of the descendants of Niall. Eventually the O'h Eannas became prominent in County Mayo, in Limerick, and in Thomond. Other forms of the name were O'h Eana, O'h Eanaig, O'h Einne, and O'h Einig. Because Ean means "bird" in Celtic, some members of the family changed their name to Bird or Byrd, and may possibly be among the ancestors of the distinguished young American of that name. Most of the chieftains anglicized the name, first to O'Heaney, O'Heany, or O'Heney, then to Heaney, Heany, and Haney.

As early as 992 A. D. Maelfinnia O'Haenigh was Bishop of Tuath-Luighne; his death is recorded in the Annals of the Four Masters. Donald Heaney was an ecclesiastic in Cashel in 1098. Most famous of the priestly Haneys was Matthew O'Heney, who in 1192 was Papal Legate for Ireland and later Archbishop of Cashel. He wrote a life of St. Cuthbert and similar works, but all his manuscripts have perished. He was an able scholar, a founder of churches, and late in life a Cistercian monk of the Holy Cross at Tipperary, where he died in 1206. The Irish annals also record in 1215 the death of Conar (Cornelius) O'Heney, Bishop of Killaloe.

Fortunately not all the Haneys became churchmen, otherwise there would have been none of us here today to tell the tale. Some became renowned fighters and were celebrated in the songs of old. O'Dugan in his Topographia, a poetic account of the territory possessed by the Irish princes, lords and chiefs of the 12th and 13th centuries, has this stanza:

"The prosperous O'Mulrooneys  
And O'Heaneys of great renown,  
They are two lords who rule  
Over the fertile slopes of Monach."

Among the members of the Board of Directors of the United States Trust Company, the following names are listed: J. P. Morgan, J. D. Rockefeller, J. G. Thompson, J. H. Morgan, J. K. Morgan, J. L. Morgan, J. M. Morgan, J. N. Morgan, J. O. Morgan, J. P. Morgan, J. Q. Morgan, J. R. Morgan, J. S. Morgan, J. T. Morgan, J. U. Morgan, J. V. Morgan, J. W. Morgan, J. X. Morgan, J. Y. Morgan, J. Z. Morgan.

The following is a list of the names of the members of the Board of Directors of the United States Trust Company, as of the 31st day of December, 1900: J. P. Morgan, J. D. Rockefeller, J. G. Thompson, J. H. Morgan, J. K. Morgan, J. L. Morgan, J. M. Morgan, J. N. Morgan, J. O. Morgan, J. P. Morgan, J. Q. Morgan, J. R. Morgan, J. S. Morgan, J. T. Morgan, J. U. Morgan, J. V. Morgan, J. W. Morgan, J. X. Morgan, J. Y. Morgan, J. Z. Morgan.

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At a somewhat later period the poet Fearghal Og Mac An Bhaird sang as follows:

"The tombs of friends are in the battle of Brian;  
Ruined in Eire from the one conflict.  
The side of the hill is full of tombs  
Whereon the prophesied one has fallen.

"Brian O'Neill of Alleach (was) in the slaughter,  
(With) Maghnus O'Cathain of Craebh,  
O'Duibhdhiarma, the high O'h-Eanaigh,  
(And) the royal fierce O'Gairmfhleadhaigh."

Even in the unusual spelling of O'h-Eanaigh we find the ancient Haneys conspicuous in battle. Throughout the following centuries the names Heaney, Heeney, or Heany appear in the records, but usually in some less prominent association.

It is quite unlikely that the DeHanneya, the Hanney, and the Hannay families that flourished in England and Scotland during the Middle Ages and more recently are of the same Celtic stock as the Haneys. The English Hanleys, an important family, certainly are not. Those who covet a coat-of-arms, whether they are entitled to it or not, may be interested to know that the escutcheon of the English Hanney (Haney) Family is charged as follows: Azure, a chevron between three demi-lions rampant, or. Only students of heraldry can be expected to know what that means. It is a pretty escutcheon, but not ours. The crest of that family is a stag's head, proper, collared or, between the attires a cross pattée gules. No evidence at hand associates the Hanneys of England with the Celtic clan of Heaneys or Haneys that must be content to trace its line through a long succession of Irish kings to Noah, Methuselah, and Adam.



## THE HANEYS OF PENNSYLVANIA

The early history of the Haney Family in America is associated with the settlement of northern Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in the region immediately west of the Delaware River and north of Philadelphia. Their original settlements were in Tinicum Township, which was first mentioned in 1699, during William Penn's second visit to America, when a large area with a five mile frontage on the Delaware was acquired by the London Company. Penn described the region as "rich lands and much cleared by the Indians." During the early 18th century it was parceled out to a stream of Irish and Scotch-Irish immigrants. By 1738 Tinicum had enough settlers to justify organization into a township with 17,177 acres. Virtually all the names of the first settlers indicated English, Irish, or Welsh origin. Among the first of the German settlers was Casper Kalb (Kolb), who took up 150 acres in 1739. Before long many other Germans followed and soon built up a considerable Teutonic population in that vicinity.

The first Haney to appear on the county records was a Michael Heaney, who bought 150 acres near Tohickon, Bucks County, in 1745. He was so well pleased with his venture that in 1749 he added to his holdings the 150 acres that Casper Kalb had acquired ten years before. The fact that he was known as Michael Heaney in the land-grant of 1745 goes far to offset the popular opinion that the family was of German origin. Undoubtedly many Germans of somewhat similar name did come to Pennsylvania at that period and some may have found their way into Bucks County. Johan Georg Hoenig (also known as Hants Jurigh Honick) came to America from Rotterdam in 1732 on the ship Judith. Daniel Heenig came in 1738 and Johannes Honig in 1743. The last mentioned was probably the Johannes Honig (1714-1787) who in 1745 married Catharine Worman and had fifteen children. He was known as John Haney at the time of his death. Among his children were John, Jacob, Anthony, Simon, and Abraham Haney. His son Jacob had three children (John, Jesse, Catharine), who in 1806 were placed under the guardianship of their uncle Abraham Haney of Rockhill. A certain John Hoenig and his wife Anna Mary Barbara were possibly the parents of John, Susan, and Anna Hoenig, who were





baptized in 1749. The younger John and his wife Catharine were the parents of Christina (1773), Anna Maria (1791), and John (1792) Hoenig. Various forms of this German name, which means "honey," were Honnig, Hennig, Heinig, Honich, Honick, Henich, and Hennich. The original form of the Irish name in America was Heaney, then Heany or Haney. Many branches of the family have preserved the original Heaney spelling.

The assumption of German origin for the Haney Family seems to be based largely on the spelling of the name as Hoenig in the Goshenhoppen records and in the register of the Catholic Church at Haycock. However, it happens that the name is spelled Heaney, Heany, or Haney on the tombstones in the churchyard of the same church, as well as in official county records. Further study of the Goshenhoppen and Haycock records shows clearly that the German priests were accustomed to make their own interpretations of spellings, especially of Irish names, which were unfamiliar to them. We find, for example, "Bergs Kaunti" for Berks County, "Denikum" or "Denickon" for Tinicum, "daunschip" for township, "Hegau" for Haycock. As for Irish names, when "MaKarmick" is written for McCormick and "Megaddy" for McCarty, we can easily see how "Hoenig" would be used for Heaney. The Goshenhoppen records, which are the earliest records of the Catholic Church in any of the American colonies, were begun in 1741, with the missionary service of Father Theodore Schneider, who was succeeded in 1764 by Father Ritter, and he in turn in 1787 by Father Peter Helbronn, who served until 1791. Then came Father Nicholas Delvaux (1791-1793) and Father Paul Erntzen (1793-1818). Throughout most of this period in both the Goshenhoppen and the Haycock lists the name Heaney is spelled Hoenig. It is interesting to note, however, that when a certain Father L. Graessl was serving temporarily at Haycock about 1791-1792 he baptized Anna Henny, daughter of Anthony and Sarah Henny, and a little later William Heney, son of Michael and Ellen Heney.

The Michael Heaney who had acquired a total of 300 acres in 1745 and 1749 apparently bought an additional 103½ acres later from the Merchants of London, Trustees to the Proprietors of Partnership, commonly called the Pennsylvania Land Company in London. Up to the present time it was assumed that he was the father of Michael Heaney (1756-1830), who is the ancestor of most of the members of the Haney Family Association. It now appears



more likely that he was an uncle, and that the younger Michael was his namesake. On this assumption the younger Michael's parents were Jacob Heaney (1713-1801) and Catharine Weisbecher Heaney (1724-1805), who lived at Tinicum and who are buried at Haycock. Unfortunately the Goshenhoppen records are lacking for the period during which the younger Michael was born, so there is no available entry of his baptism.

Jacob and Catharine Heaney had eleven children, whose records are known only in part: (1) Eva, who was married in 1774 to Philip Ruffner; (2) Anthony, who with his wife Sarah (or Salome) had three children, John (1783), Elizabeth (1784), Anna (1791); (3) Simon, who married Anna Maria Peyl in 1787 and had two children, Margaret (1793) and Michael (1795); (4) MICHAEL (1756-1830), the direct ancestor of most of the Haney Family Association, whose descendants will be listed further on; (5) Jacob (or James), who married Theresa Gording and had three children, John (1797), Mary (1799), Joseph (1801); (6) John, who with his wife Helen (Eleanor) had a daughter Mary (1793); (7) Abigail, who married and had a daughter Margaret; (8) Catharine, apparently unmarried, but in 1790 a sponsor with her brother-in-law John Megaddy (McCarty) at the baptism of her niece Catharine, daughter of her brother Michael; (9) Mary Salome (later know as Mary Magdalen) (1765- ? ), who was married in 1788 to Michael Melchior and had a daughter Mary Ann (1801); (10) Elizabeth (1767- ? ) married in 1787 to John McCarty; (11) Joseph (1774- ? ) who in 1798 married Catharine Weaver. These records are very incomplete, but may furnish clues for other Haney's not in our particular clan. The three oldest sons, Anthony, Simon, and Michael, all fought in the Revolution.

The third son, MICHAEL HEANEY (1756-1830), in 1788 married HELLENAH (later HELENA or HELEN) SCHAEFER (1769-1853). Her name was incorrectly given as Mary Magdalen Schöffer on the Goshenhoppen records when the banns were called in 1788. Michael was one of eleven children and he in turn had eleven: (1) CATHARINE; (2) WILLIAM; (3) SUSANNAH; (4) ELIZABETH; (5) MICHAEL; (6) JOHN; (7) JOSEPH; (8) ANTHONY; (9) HELENA; (10) SAMUEL; (11) NICHOLAS. It will be noted that five of these were named after Michael's brothers and sisters and two others received the names of the parents. His sister Catharine was sponsor for his daughter Catharine; his brother Joseph was a sponsor for



the daughter Elizabeth; his brother John and John's wife Eleanor were sponsors for the son John. Michael himself was sponsor in 1784 for Michael Kohl. He and his wife were sponsors in 1795 for their nephew Michael, son of Simon and Anna Heaney, and again in 1801 for their niece Mary Ann Melchior, daughter of Michael and Mary Heaney Melchior.

As the eleven children of MICHAEL and HELLENAH HEANEY were the ancestors of most of the members of the Haney Family Association, those children and their respective descendants will be considered in separate sections.

(1) CATHARINE HEANEY (1790- ? )

At Catharine's baptism in 1790 her aunt Catharine was sponsor. She was married to Michael Titterman. (No record of her descendants.)

(2) WILLIAM HEANEY (1792-1839)

In 1816 William Heaney married Rebecca Hillpot (1800-1889), daughter of George Adam and Elizabeth Höllenbart (Hillpot). After his death in 1839 she remained a widow until 1846, when she was married to Samuel Yost (1803-1873). William and Rebecca Hillpot Heaney had twelve children as follows: (1) John H. (1816-1853), who married Harriet Mumbower in 1844 (No record); (2) Isaac (1818-1901), who married Rachel Ann Ziegler in 1844 (Record on page 20); (3) Elizabeth (1819- ? ), who was married to John Hagar (Record on page 21); (4) Nicholas (1821- ? ), who married Mary Ann Moore (Record on page 23); (5) Sarah (1823- ? ), (No record); (6) Halenah (1825- ? ), who was married to James R. Wiggins (Record on page 24); (7) Catharine (1828-1842); (8) Frederick (1829-1841); (9) Rebecca (1832- ? ), who was married to Samuel Buck (1820-1869) (Record on page 24); (10) Saloma (1834-1842); (11) Mary (1835- ? ); (12) Matilda (1838-1843).

Of those twelve children the descendants of Nos. (2), (3), (4), (6), and (9) are as follows:

(2) ISAAC and RACHEL ANN ZIEGLER HEANEY had ten children: (a) Reuben; (b) Emaline; (c) David Z.; (d) Rebecca; (e) Andrew; (f) Mary Ellen; (g) Matilda; (h) Samuel Z.; (i) Anna Laura; (j) George. Of these, Rebecca, Mary Ellen,



Matilda, Anna Laura, and George died early. (a) Reuben Haney (1846-1929) married Louise Overpeck and had five children: Willis, Emma Estella, George, Anna May, and Howard. Willis married (1) Mary Jane Rosenberger and (2) Frances C. D. Haney. His daughter Esther Ruth was married to Russell Henry and had two daughters, Claire and Arlene Frances. Emma Estella was married to J. Herbert Price and had a daughter Pearl, now Mrs. Walter Marshall. George married Clara Alice Black, had a daughter Alice Irene, who became Mrs. Norman Lynn Stones and had a daughter Priscilla. Anna May was married to William J. Anson. Howard married Florence Levenknight and had a daughter Virginia.

(b) Emaline Haney was married to William Wulfinger. Their daughter Emma, an active member of our Executive Committee, became Mrs. Charles George. (c) David Z. Haney (1851-1918) married Sarah Elizabeth Sigafos, the beloved "Aunt Sally" of the Haney Reunions. Their children were Harvey S., Naomi, and Paul S. Harvey S. Haney, for many years (1911-1928) the active President of the Haney Family Association, married Rose McLaughlin and had a daughter Jean Rose. Naomi died in infancy. Paul S. Haney married Agnes Marie Fitzgerald and had a son Paul, Jr. (e) Andrew Haney (1856-1911) married Ida Sassaman and had three children: Jennie, who was married to Warren Biehm; John R. N., who died young; and Earl Haney. (h) Samuel Z. Haney married Tillie Reep and had three children: Leroy, who married Bertha Bleam; Ruth H.; and Russell, who died in infancy.

(3) ELIZABETH HEANEY and her husband JOHN HAGAR (HAGER) had ten children: (a) Rebecca; (b) Angelina; (c) Lucinda; (d) Anna; (e) Burriss; (f) William; (g) Harvey; (h) Celeste; (i) Ellen; (j) Eta. (a) Rebecca Hager was married to Isaiah Swope and had eight children; Edward, who married and had several children; Isabella, married to Wesley Herron and had several children; Elizabeth married to John F. Myers and had four children: John, Russell, Sallie, Blanche (who was married to Charles E. Trauger and had a son, Charles, Jr.); Hezekiah, single; Levis, deceased; Anna, married to Maynsen Wismer and had one son; Rena, married to Frank Culp and had one son; Cooper, who married Alice Martin. (b) Angelina Hager was married to William Apeldorn.

(c) Lucinda Hager was married to Samuel R. Dubbs, and had six children: (A) John W.; (B) William H.; (C) Henry M.;

1. The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work done during the year. It is followed by a detailed account of the various projects undertaken, and a summary of the results achieved.

(2) The second part of the report deals with the financial statements for the year, and a comparison of the actual results with the budget. It also includes a statement of the assets and liabilities of the organization, and a balance sheet as at the end of the year.

The third part of the report deals with the personnel and administrative matters. It includes a list of the staff employed during the year, and a summary of the work done by each member of the staff. It also includes a summary of the administrative work done during the year.

The fourth part of the report deals with the general conclusions and recommendations. It includes a summary of the main findings of the report, and a list of the recommendations made.



(D) Samuel R., Jr.; (E) Elizabeth; (F) Mabel. Of these (A) John W. Dubbs, a popular member of our Executive Committee, married (1) Josephine A. Fenn and (2) Mary J. Troy. By his first marriage he had five children: William L., who married Marie G. Hanna and had three children, Josephine, William L., Jr., and Charles H.; Herbert G., who married Mary Quinn; Anna M., who was married to Edwin I. Braxton and had five children: Edwin, Dorothy, Josephine, Anna May, and John W.; Dorothy E., who was married to T. Donald Allen and has two children: T. Donald, Jr., and John; and John W., Jr., who died in infancy. (B) William H. Dubbs married Emma Engle and had two children: Viola, who was married to Alexander Montgomery and had a son Alexander, Jr.; and John W. (C) Henry M. Dubbs married Emma Millington and had a son Henry, Jr., who married Lois Edgar. (D) Samuel R. Dubbs, Jr., married Carrie Dickinson. Their eight children are: Miriam (who was married to Earl Justin and had a daughter Evelyn), Elizabeth, Edward, Samuel, Frances, Charles, Ruth, and Leon. (E) Elizabeth Dubbs is unmarried. (F) Mabel Dubbs was married to Lewis Suter and had two sons: Richard and Robert.

(d) Anna Hager remained single. (e) Burriss Hager married Eva Weiker and had two daughters: Ada (who was married to Harry Bean and has a son Victor), Lemora (who was married to Albert Cole). (f) William Hager married Belle Tette more and had eight children as follows: (A) Nora Hager, married to William McHervey; their son Edward married Florence Wolf and had a son James W.; (B) Oswald Hager, who married Mary Miller; (C) Lavella Hager, married to Preston Bloom; their daughter Ella was married (1) to Henry Cole and (2) to Henry Lagease; (D) Herbert Hager married Alice Dillon; their four children are: Lester (who married Mary Brink and has a daughter Elizabeth), Florence, Ruth, and Lavella; (E) Pearl Hager, who was married to Lewis Lawrence and has three children: Leo Louis, Paul William, and Roy Eugene; (F) Oran Hager, who married Mary McElhenny and had three children: Dorothy, Robert, and Charles; (G) Meda Hager, married to James Stevenson; (H) Edna Hager, married to Samuel Haney and had two sons: Earl and Gordon.

(g) Harvey Hager remained single. (h) Celeste Hager was married to Stokes Weaver and had two sons: Royal and Paul. Royal Weaver married Gertrude Tette mer; their daughter Hazel was married to Earl Drake and had three children: Jean Syivia, Richard Leroy, and Orren Earl. Paul Weaver died in 1904. (i)



Ellen Hager was married to Clinton Keeler and had five children: Clinton, Jr., Klensz, Nelly, Anna, and Mary. (j) Etta Hager was married to George Root and had three children: Harvey, who married Mary Tettermore; Walter; Nora, who was married to the Rev. William Lowsend and had four children.

(4) NICHOLAS and MARY ANN MOORE HEANEY had nine children as follows: (a) Matilda; (b) Sylvester; (c) Edward; (d) Ellen; (e) Asher M.; (f) Eliza; (g) Emma; (h) Ida; (i) William. (a) Matilda Haney was married to Matthias Refsnider. Their son, Norman Refsnider, is Treasurer of the Haney Family Association. His children are John Wilbur, Norman Webster, James Marvin, and Ralph Leon. (b) Sylvester Haney married Violette Fulmer and had ten children: (A) Theodore, who married Lizzie Gordon and had two children: Ethel and Paul; (B) Emma May, who was married to Eugene Dennison and had two children: George M. (married) and Frances Ann; (C) Edward, who married Elizabeth Bean and had two children: Herbert and Hilda; (D) Alice, an active member of our Executive Committee, who was married to William Eichlin, and had three children: Evelyn Ruth, Leroy, and William Ralph; of these Evelyn was married to George Wilmer Amey and has four children: George W., Jr., Alice Eleanor, Evelyn Ruth, and William Lester; (E) Bertha, who was married to Samuel Hager, and had two sons: Walter and Floyd; (F) Olive, who was married to John C. Gruver and had seven children: Dorothy, Ruth, Luther, Mildred, Darwin, Violet, and Marion; (G) J. Lloyd, who married Mae Strawsnyder, the present Secretary of the Haney Family Association, and had two children: Morgan Sylvester and Kathryn Mae; (H) Anna, who was married to Oliver Berger and had two children, Harold Russell and Mildred Mae; (I) Blanche, who was married to Howard Yost and had two sons: Franklin Howard and William Kenneth; (J) Harry, who married Alverda Rothenburger. (c) Edward Haney, deceased.

(d) Ellen Haney, an active member of the Executive Committee, became Mrs. Thomas J. Messer and had a daughter, Ada Della, who was married to Harry J. Rufe; their daughter Della M. was married to H. Elmer Claville. (e) Asher M. Haney married Mary Euphemia Tettermore and had six children: (A) Wyker, who married Ida M. Bassett and had a daughter Dorothy; (B) Clara, who was married to Edward T. Longacre; (C) Addah, who became Mrs. William Aklum and had three children: Harold, Marion and John; (D) Chester, who is married and has a son Kermit; (E)



Norman, who is single; (F) Scedillia, who was married to William Luhrs, and had five children: Bertha, Addah, William, Marion, and Elsie Naomi. (f) Eliza Haney was married first to Lyman Duckworth and then to Alfred B. Nash, by whom she had a son Roscoe J., who died after service in the Great War. (g) Emma Haney was married to John Seigafoos and had a daughter Estella, who became Mrs. J. S. Snyder and is a leading member of our Executive Committee. (h) Ida Haney was married to Warren Opdyke and had two children: Ruth Elizabeth, who was married to Warren Lentz and had a son Warren, Jr.; Ralph, who with his wife Ruth have a daughter Betty. (i) William Haney married and had one son, who is deceased.

(6) HALENAH (later HELENA) HEANEY and her husband James R. Wiggins had ten children: (a) Phoebe Matilda Wiggins; (b) William Wiggins, still living at the age of 82 and father of Vance C. Wiggins; (c) Rebecca Jane Wiggins; (d) Samuel Yost Wiggins (1850-1929), who married Fannie L. Yates and had ten children: (A) Margaret Y., who was married to John J. Bradley and had eight children: Harry, Mary B., Nora W., Bertha D., Norman, James, Helen, and John; (B) Leonora E., who is single; (C) Alma B., who was married to Samuel H. Daniels and had four children: Frank, Elinor, Wilmer, and Alice; (D) Mary, deceased; (E) Helen W., who is married to Fred Church; (F) Jane, deceased; (G) William W., who married Laura Randall and had eight children: Samuel K., Vincent W., Jane W., Stanley and Randall (twins), Leonora, Clifton, and Elaine; (H) Nellie, who was married to Wilbur Gray and had three children: Earl Allen, Frances Ida, and Wilbur Kenneth; (I) Leo V., who married Ruth McCarty and had five children: Fannie L., Alice L., Helen L., Leo W., and Edward P.; (J) George R., who married Josephine Elliott and had three children: George Elliott, Samuel William, and Josephine Lemoire; (e) Barthilda Wiggins, deceased; (f) John H. Wiggins, deceased; (g) T. Kirk Wiggins, who married and had two children: Iverna and Clifton; (h) Harvey Linford Wiggins, deceased; (i) A. Lincoln Wiggins, who married and had four daughters: Alice, Elizabeth, Mary, and Jean; (j) Maggie Ella Wiggins, who married Mr. Ruth and had four children: Chester, Helen, Edgar, and Ida.

(9) REBECCA HEANEY was married to her first cousin, Samuel Buck, a son of Nicholas Buck, Jr., and Susannah Heaney. They had two sons: John T. Buck and Aloysius Buck. The latter married Eva T. Mich and had a daughter Sadie Regina. (No further record.)



### (3) SUSANNAH HEANEY (1794-1870)

Susannah was born in 1794 and was married in 1813 to Nicholas Buck, Jr. This couple had thirteen children and as early as 1871 they had 75 descendants. The following record is very incomplete. Of their thirteen children, records are partly available for the following ten: (1) John H.; (2) Mary; (3) Helena; (4) Samuel; (5) Jonas H.; (6) Alfred; (7) Michael; (8) Sophia; (9) Salome; (10) Lucinda.

(1) JOHN H. BUCK (1814-1890) married twice. By his first wife, Susan Ziegler, he had nine children: (a) Augustus; (b) Emaline; (c) Mary; (d) Samuel; (e) Matilda; (f) Ignatius; (g) Frank; (h) John; (i) Katie. By his second wife, Mary Hoffman, he had two daughters: (j) Agatha; (k) Mary, who apparently received the same name as her older half-sister. (a) Augustus Buck (1838-1887) married Elizabeth Halpin and had six children: Lillie M.; Rosa C., who was married to Frank N. Pohl; Philip H.; Susan J.; Lizzie M.; and Augustus H. Buck. (b) Emaline Buck was married to William S. Heaney (1835-1901) and had five children: (A) Anastasia; (B) John Lewis; (C) William Henry; (D) Charles Sylvester; (E) Isaac B. Heaney. (A) Anastasia Heaney was married to George Mich and had nine children: George Oliver Mich (who with his wife Helen have four children: Anastasia, Norma, George O., Jr., and Eugene); William Nicholas (who married Minnie Haney and had eight children: Stanley; Ellanore; Bertha; Bernard; Charles; Lawrence; Rita; Theresa); Clara Anna, who became Mrs. Kramer; Mary Emma; Henry Sylvester (who married Sarah M. Myers and had three children: Richard H., Kenneth S., and Jean Elizabeth); Bertha Cecilia; Thomas Oscar (who married Elizabeth Orchlic and had four children: Mercedes, Kenneth, Thomas, and John); Isabella; Ella Agnes Mich. (B) John Lewis Heaney married Elmira Trauger and had two children: Walter L. Haney (who married Sarah M. Pratt and had a son Robert Hamilton) and Eva Haney, who died an infant. (C) William Henry Heaney and his wife Ann had eight children: Florence, Preston, Alice (who became Mrs. Hager), Horace, William, John, George, Charles. (D) Charles Sylvester Heaney married Mary Quirk and had six children: William (who married and had two daughters: Dorothy and Patricia); Helen (who became Mrs. Dillon and had two children: Margaret and William); George (who married and





had a son Donald) ; Frank, single; Charles (who married and had a son Robert) ; Vincent (who married and had two sons: James and John). (E) Isaac B. Heaney married Elizabeth Phillips and had three children: Florence (who became Mrs. Dunn and had two daughters) ; James (who married and had two sons: Thomas and Francis) ; Leo (who married and had three children: Vivian, Clarence, and Shirley).

(c) Mary Buck was married to Jacob F. Meyers in 1867 and had three daughters: Mary, Anna, Cecilia. (d) Samuel Buck married Rebecca Bowman. (e) Matilda Buck was married to Oliver H. Fisher in 1877 and had five children: Susan, Alfred, Matilda, Edward, and Martha. (f) Ignatius Buck married Mary McCall and had four children: Philip, Jesse, William, and Albert. (g) Frank Buck married Elizabeth Emory. (h) John Buck, no record. (i) Katie Buck was married to Edward Kulp and had six children: Lillie (who was married to Howard Steely), Fannie, Annie, Robert, Elsie, and Emaline. (j) Agatha Buck, no record. (k) Mary Buck, the younger, no record.

(2) MARY BUCK (1816- ? ) was married to Isaac McCarty (1810-1874) and had four children: (a) William McCarty, who married Lillie Oliver, and whose daughter was married to Joseph Kaufman and had two daughters, Lillian and Ellie; (b) Mary Ellen McCarty, who was married to James Adams and had two sons: Thomas and Augustus; (c) Samuel McCarty, no record; (d) Agnes McCarty, no record.

(3) HELENA BUCK (1817- ? ) was married in 1841 to Samuel B. Kohl (1819-1882) and had eight children: (a) Mary Emily Kohl, who was married to John W. Kohl and had eight children: Vincent, Eugene, Aloysius, Regina, Laurence, Sylvester, Blaseus, Helena, Isabella; (b) J. Howard Kohl, who married Mary Mich and had nine children: Augustus, George, Francis Lawrence, Samuel, Clara, Raymond, Leo, and Agnes; (c) Nicholas Kohl (1847-1886), no record; (d) Matilda Kohl, who was married to George Kane; (e) Isabelle Kohl, no record; (f) Stephen Kohl, who married Mary Murphy and had three children: Clement, and Nicholas and William (twins); (g) Milton Kohl, no record; (h) Alexander Kohl, no record.

(4) SAMUEL BUCK (1820-1869), as already indicated on page 24, married Rebecca Heaney and had descendants as there listed.



(5) JONAS H. BUCK (1822- ? ) married Hannah Klinker and had eight children: (a) Henry Buck, who married twice, had a son Joseph Vincent by his first wife Mary A. Kohl, and a son Stanley by his second wife Anna Laura Atherholt; (b) Newton Buck, no record; (c) Thomas Buck, who married Emaline Shive; (d) Godfrey Buck, who married Mary C. McCarty; (e) James Buck, who married his sister-in-law, Anna Shive, and had two children: (f) Nicholas Buck, no record; (g) Sylvester Buck, who married Annie Fahr; (h) Isabella Buck, who died in childhood.

(6) ALFRED BUCK (1825- ? ) married Helena Buck. Of their eleven children the following six attained maturity: (a) Jerome Buck, no record; (b) William J. Buck, who married Kate Gallagher and had three children: Mary, Alfred, and Elizabeth; (c) Jordan H. Buck, who married Sophia E. Witzell; (d) Josephine Buck, who was married to William Halpine and had six children; (e) Lucinda Buck, no record; (f) Charles Austin Buck, who married Josephine Martha Reinche.

(7) MICHAEL BUCK (1827- ? ) married Emma Jane Ott and had four children: (a) Francis Bazilla Buck, who married Mary Ann Farley and had four children: Anastasia, Flora, Howard, and Alice; (b) Ida Jane Buck who became Mrs. McLaughlin; (c) James Edward Buck, no record; (d) Elizabeth Alice Buck, no record.

(8) SOPHIA BUCK was married to Timothy Murphy and had four children: (a) William J. Murphy, who married Rose Heitzler and had four children: Lillie, Mamie, William, and Roy; (b) J. Augustus Murphy, no record; (c) Howard Murphy, who married Hannah McIlhaney and had three children: Edward, John, and Ellen; (d) Ellen Murphy, who was married to Edward McFadden.

(9) SALOME BUCK was married to Francis Donnelly and had six children: (a) Maggie Donnelly; (b) Terence F. Donnelly, who married Lydia Choller and had two children: Theresa and Frank; (c) Thomas R. Donnelly; (d) John G. Donnelly; (e) Cecilia Donnelly; (f) Frank Donnelly.

(10) LUCINDA BUCK was married to Austin McCarty and had four children: (a) Justus Winfield McCarty; (b) Francis McCarty; (c) Henry McCarty; (d) Susan McCarty.

(4) ELIZABETH HEANEY (1796- ? )

Elizabeth's uncle, Joseph Heaney, stood sponsor at her baptism in 1796. She was married in 1817 to John Buck (1791-1841), son



of Major Jacob Buck (1770-1843) and grandson of Nicholas Buck ( ? -1786). Their nine children were: (1) Aaron; (2) Michael; (3) Helena; (4) Jacob; (5) John; (6) Samuel; (7) Sarah; (8) Elizabeth; (9) Jerome. The following are incomplete records of these children.

(1) AARON BUCK married Caroline Tettermer and had three children: (a) Emaline Buck; (b) Sylvester Buck, who married Eliza J. Ridge; (c) William Buck, who married Sarah Ulmer. (2) MICHAEL BUCK, no record. (3) HELENA BUCK was married to Alfred Buck. (4) JACOB BUCK married Margaret Bender. (5) JOHN BUCK (1827- ? ) married Emma Hauld. (6) SAMUEL BUCK married Margaret Rice and had eight children: Helena, George, Lydia, William, Samuel, Theresa, Edward, and Elizabeth. (7) SARAH BUCK (1832-1880) was married to Daniel B. Ruffner and had fifteen children, all of whom died in early childhood except three: (a) Helena Ruffner, who was married to James E. Kelly; (b) Gideon Bolton Ruffner; (c) Daniel B. Ruffner, Jr. (8) ELIZABETH BUCK was married to Bernard McCourt. (9) JEROME BUCK ( ? -1879) married Maggie Ludwick and had four children: William; Eugene, who married a Miss Bradford; Elizabeth; and Ella.

(5) MICHAEL HEANEY (1798- ? )

Unfortunately the information concerning the fifth child of Michael Heaney (1756-1830) and his namesake is also scanty. He married Eliza Carter and had at least two children: (1) AARON J. HEANEY, who married and had two children: William A. Heaney, and a daughter who was married to a Mr. Apgar and whose descendants still live in and about Trenton; (2) ELIZA HEANEY, who was married to a Mr. McDonnell. No record of their descendants.

(6) JOHN HEANEY (1800-1854)

At John's baptism in 1800 his sponsors were his uncle and aunt, John and Eleanor Heaney. He married Catharine Strock (1802-1882) and had seven children: (1) Simon; (2) William S; (3) Michael; (4) Aaron S.; (5) Catharine; (6) Lena; (7) Henry.

(1) SIMON HANEY (1825-1901) and his wife Lanah (1827-1873) had three children: (a) Jerome Haney, who married and had three children, two of whom were named John and Jerome, Jr. John married and had four children: Jerome, Mamie, Cecilia, and John, Jr.; (b) Aaron S. Haney, who married Cora Mondeau, and

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the Secretary of the State Department to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, dated January 17, 1907. The letter is addressed to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C., and is signed by the Secretary of the State Department, James B. Easton.

2. The second part of the document is a letter from the Secretary of the Department of the Interior to the Secretary of the State Department, dated January 17, 1907. The letter is addressed to the Secretary of the State Department, Washington, D.C., and is signed by the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, James H. Watson.

3. The third part of the document is a letter from the Secretary of the State Department to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, dated January 17, 1907. The letter is addressed to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C., and is signed by the Secretary of the State Department, James B. Easton.

4. The fourth part of the document is a letter from the Secretary of the Department of the Interior to the Secretary of the State Department, dated January 17, 1907. The letter is addressed to the Secretary of the State Department, Washington, D.C., and is signed by the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, James H. Watson.

had five children: Clarence W. (who married Elizabeth V. Plitcher and had five children: Clarence, Jr., Elizabeth, Marion, Donald, and Margaret); Arthur S.; Marion; Frances Raha; and John Hiram; (c) Anna Haney, who was married to a Mr. Metzgar.

(2) WILLIAM S. HANEY (1835-1901) who married Emaline Buck, granddaughter of Susannah Heaney and therefore his first cousin, once removed. Their descendants have been recorded on page 25. (3) MICHAEL HANEY (1836-1855) died unmarried. (4) AARON S. HANEY (1838-1918) married Susanna Trauger (1844-1918) and was an honored pioneer in the organization of the Haney Family Association. (5) CATHARINE HANEY, no record. (6) LENA HANEY, no record. (7) HENRY HANEY married and had a son Isaac.

#### (7) JOSEPH HEANEY (1803-1894)

Joseph Heaney is among the first whose baptisms are recorded at the Haycock Church. He married Mary Fretz (1813-1886) and had four sons and three daughters: (1) Mahlon F.; (2) Reuben F.; (3) Joseph F.; (4) Jordan F.; (5) Mary Ann; (6); (7), no record.

(1) MAHLON F. HANEY (1833-1911) married and had two children: Harvey and Annie, who later became Mrs. Kramer. Her son is named Russell. (2) REUBEN F. HANEY (1843-1866), no record. (3) JOSEPH F. HANEY (1851-1908) married Elizabeth Wormer (1853-1889) and had two daughters: Clara Bell and Anna Bertha. (4) JORDAN F. HANEY married Anna Esther Ziegenfuss and had one son, William Bernard, who married Alice Van Ammern and their son Harold Bernard recently married Helen Marie Kline. William Bernard Haney's widow remarried and is now Mrs. Robert H. Wonsidler. (5) MARY ANN HANEY became Mrs. Gulden and had a son Henry Harvey Gulden, who married and had six children: (a) Myrtle Gulden, who was married to Raymond Shive and had two sons: Robert Gerald and Edward Charles; (b) Helen Gulden, who became Mrs. McCarty and had two sons: Leroy and Thomas; (c) Euphemia Gulden, who became Mrs. Walsh and had two daughters, Jane Marie and Frances Teresa; (d) Joseph Leroy Gulden; (e) Agnes Estella Gulden; (f) Kathryn Minnie Gulden.

#### (8) ANTHONY HEANEY (1805-1880)

Anthony Heaney, eighth child of Michael Heaney (1756-1830), about the time of his father's death married Mariah (Maria)





Geary (1804-1878). They had ten children: (1) Isabella; (2) Elizabeth; (3) Thomas; (4) William; (5) Anthony, Jr.; (6) Hiram G.; (7) Michael G.; (8) Sarah M.; (9) Helen; (10) Annie. The descendants of these children are as follows:

(1) ISABELLA HANEY (1831-1838) died in childhood. (2) ELIZABETH HANEY (1832-1901) was married to Jonas Yost and had eight children: (a) Emma Lettie Yost, who was married to William Robbins and had four children: Meda, who was married to Charles D. Barber; Florence, married (1) to Mack Gray, by whom she had two daughters: Evelyn and Audrey (who was married to Ray Bishop and had one son) and (2) to A. C. Brauer; Floyd, married at the time of his death in 1918; Russell, who died in infancy; (b) Horace Yost, who married May Sassaman and had a son Earl, who married Hilda Good and had a daughter, Marilyn Elizabeth; (c) Annie Yost, who was married to Levi Keller and had four children: Walter T., who married Florence Kulp; J. Lloyd, who married Helen I. Follweiler; Florence N., who was married to Robert J. Schleicher and had two sons: Robert K. and Dean K.; Horace, who died in infancy; (d) Harry Yost, who died at the age of four; (e) Samuel Yost, who died in infancy; (f) Sallie Yost, who was married to George W. Layman; (g) Minnie Yost, who was married to Alvin Gruver; (h) Lizzie Belle Yost, who was married to Emmor T. Worthington and had a son who died in infancy.

(3) THOMAS HANEY (1834-1899) and his wife Sarah had eight children: Oliver, Mary, Clara, Laura, Lettie, Hiram, Albert, and Charles. (4) WILLIAM HANEY (1836-1903) married Mary Jane Carland Phalon and had a daughter Ella, who was married to Clarence A. Townshend. (5) ANTHONY HANEY, JR. (1838-1852) died at the age of fourteen.

(6) HIRAM G. HANEY (1840-1910) married Flora Scherer and had three children: John Louis Haney, President and Historian of the Haney Family Association; Flora E. Haney; Julia G. Haney. (7) MICHAEL G. HANEY (1843-1915), the Founder of the Haney Family Association, married Ellen Schwartz and had seven children: (a) Oscar Haney, for many years Secretary of the Haney Family Association, who married Freda Foellner and had three children: Walter, Elsie Ruth, and David; (b) Minnie Haney, who was married to David S. Trauger and had two sons: Chester H., who married Amelia McEntee, and David Oscar; (c) Maggie Haney, who was married to Thomas Kramer and had a daughter Mildred,



who was married to Howard E. Geho and had two children: Grace E. and Roland P.; (d) Walter Haney, died an infant; (e) Flora Haney, died an infant; (f) Alice Haney, an active member of the Executive Committee, who was married to Levi Huber and who had a son Lester; (g) Ruth Haney, who was married to Charles McEntee and had a son, Earl.

(8) SARAH M. HANEY (1845-1920) was married to John Mills and had five children: (a) Alice Mills, who was married to Lewis Sigafos, poet and former historian of the Haney Family Association, and who had three children: (A) Carrie Sigafos, who was married to the Rev. William A. Fluck and had four children: William Franklin, Alice Elizabeth, Lewis S., and Grace Evelyn; (B) Marian Sigafos, who was married to George Mack Yocum and had two children; Doris Evelyn and George M., 2d; (C) Evelyn Elizabeth Sigafos; (b) Bella Mills, who was married to Theodore Moyer and had twelve children; (A) Sarah Moyer, who was married to Fred Lunt and had two children, Emma Belle and Fred, Jr.; (B) Helen Moyer, who was married to Ralph Keller and had a daughter June; (C) Ethel Moyer, who was married to Paul Ackerman; (D) Ruth Moyer, who was married to Donald Lightner and had a daughter Sallie; (E) Henry Moyer, single; (F) Mary Moyer, who was married to James Young; (G) Miriam Moyer, who became Mrs. Barnes; (H) Theodore Moyer, Jr., who with his wife Margaret had two sons, Theodore, 3d and Charles; (I) Robert Moyer, who married and had one child; (J) George Moyer; (K) Charles Moyer; (L) Alice Moyer; (c) Carrie Mills, who was married to William L. Fretz and had four children: (A) Helen Fretz, who was married to G. E. LeWorthy and had three children: G. William, Carolyn, and Lois; (B) Lula Fretz, who was married to N. S. Bruner and had two children: Robert and Julia Ann; (C) Kathryn Fretz; (D) Walter Fretz; (d) Hiram Mills, who by his first marriage had two children: Paul Mills, who married Pearl Fretz and had two sons: Donald F. and Robert C.; Eva Mills, who was married to Thomas Templeton and had a son Roy M. His second wife, Cora E. Lohr, is an active member of our Executive Committee; (e) Roger Mills, who married Emma Kister and had a daughter Ruth, who was married to Francis Lomas and had two sons: Franklin and Robert.

(9) HELEN HANEY (1847-1847) died in infancy. (10) ANNIE HANEY (1850-1927) was married to Isaac Seifert and had five



children: (a) Eva Seifert, who died at six; (b) Idella Seifert, who was married to Tolbert O. Beitzel and had four children: Kathryn, D. J. 2d.; Mary S.; and Barbara Ann. (c) Michael Seifert, who married Mabel L. Miller and had two sons: Linton M. and Henry B.; (d) Floyd Seifert, died in infancy; (e) Earl Seifert, died in childhood.

(9) HELENA HEANEY (1807-1890)

Helena was the youngest of the four daughters of Michael Heaney (1756-1830) and like two of her sisters married into the Buck family. Her first husband was William Soult; there are no records of any descendants from that marriage. Her second husband was Jacob Buck, Jr. (1794-1869), son of Major Jacob Buck, whose older son John had married Elizabeth Heaney. Jacob Buck, Jr., was a widower when he married Helena Heaney, having previously married Ann Heaney, by whom he had a daughter Rebecca (1825- ? ). There are no records of descendants.

(10) SAMUEL HEANEY (1808-1890)

There is some uncertainty as to the name of the wife of Samuel Heaney. The names of Sophia Root and Sophia Barnes have both been cited. He had four children: (1) Cletus; (2) John Bishop; (3) Lucinda; (4) Enoch R. Haney. (1) CLETUS HANEY (1840-1925) did not marry. (2) JOHN BISHOP HANEY (1841-1914) and his wife Bridgete had no children. (3) LUCINDA HANEY (1846-1925) was married to Fred Orf and had two children: Samuel and May. (4) ENOCH R. HANEY (1847-1915) married Harriet Goss and had five children: (a) Austin G. Haney, who married Alice McEntyre and had two children: Frances and Joseph, (b) Lloyd Haney, who married Theresa M. Diehl and had three children: Lloyd, Jr., Ralph, and Mary; (c) Cletus G. Haney, who married Marie M. Farrell and had two children, Thomasine and Edward; (d) Edward Haney, died single; (e) Jerome Haney, died in infancy.

(11) NICHOLAS HEANEY (1814-1877)

According to one record, Nicholas Heaney was born in 1812, but apparently the youngest child of Michael Heaney (1756-1830) was the Nicholas Heaney (1814-1877) who married Caroline Ruth (1822-1897) and had seven children: (1) Rebecca; (2) Sallie E.;



(3) Lanna; (4) Jordan; (5) Clinton R.; (6) Hannah L.; (7) John M. Haney.

(1) REBECCA HANEY (1845- ? ) and her husband PETER L. COURTER had eight children: (a) Flora R. Courter, who was married to Andrew J. Crowell and had two sons: John L. Crowell, who married Helen Krier, and L. Russell Crowell, who married Muriel Liebig; (b) Lewis Clinton Courter, who married Marietta Strohm and had seven children: (A) Flora May, married to Dr. Alba Lee Smith and mother of John Dudley and Janet Marie Smith; (B) Rebecca Elizabeth; (C) Eleanor Curtis, who was married to George Alexander Hentges and had six children: Gertrude Flora, Rita Olive, Alba George, Edward Curtis Ferdinand, Marie Wilhelmina Katheleen, and Helen Eleanor Mary; (D) Edward Calvin, who married Edith E. Schlumkoski and had five children: Chandler Clinton, Wilbur Russell, Orville Kenneth, Lewis Clinton, and Peter Marvin; (E) Emma, who died in infancy; (F) Lewis Clinton, Jr., who died young; (G) Wilbur Chandler, who married May L. Anderson and had a daughter Gloria Lee. (c) Gaynor Courter, who was married to Howard C. Dingee and had three children: Howard, Wesley, and Dorothy; (d) Harriet Courter, who was married to Walter H. Sigafos and had two children: W. Harrison and Doris; (e) Emma Courter, who died unmarried; (f) Sallie Courter, who died unmarried; (g) Harry Courter, who died an infant; (h) Calvin Courter, who died young.

(2) SALLIE E. HANEY (1847-1905) was married to Alfred Stilwell. No record of descendants. (3) LANNA (LANAH) HANEY (1849-1917) was married to Taylor Dillon and had ten children: (a) Emma May Dillon, who was married to Isaac Schaible and had six children: (A) Della Mae, who was married to Melvin McIntyre and had four children: Melvin John, Cleon Dawson, Paul Schaible, and Taylor Kenneth; (B) Marshall, who married Elsie Rufe and had five children: Ema Mae, Dorothy, Grace, Elsie Barbara, and Rosella; (C) Oscar, who married Marion Fenton and had four children: Eleanor, Robert, Thomas, and Wayne; (D) Theodore, who married Dorothy Delaney and had two children: Theodore, Jr., and Richard; (E) Isaac Norman, who married Florence Cochran; (F) Taylor Jacob. (b) Carrie Dillon, no record. (c) Rebecca Dillon, who was married first to Percy Bryan and secondly to Harvey Fulmer. By her first marriage she had four children: (A) Esther Bryan, who was married to Grant Weaver and had three children:

157 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)

158 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)

159 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)

160 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)

161 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)

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199 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)

200 James M. Smith, Jr. (1844-1918)



Ella, John, and Grace; (B) Lanna Bryan, who was married to Walter Weaver, and had six children: Thomas, Cleon, Dale, Warren, Dorothy, and Junior; (C) Effie Bryan, who died young; (D) Calvin Bryan. (d) Alice Dillon. (e) Lizzie Dillon. (f) Bertha Dillon. (g) Maggie Dillon. (h) Ruth Dillon. (i) Stacy Dillon. (j) Dorsey Dillon. No records concerning the last six.

(4) JORDAN HANEY (1851- ? ) married Catharine Nickel and had a daughter Mayme, who became Mrs. Fretz. (5) CLINTON R. HANEY (1854-1928) married Mary Anna Tetteimer and had six children: (a) Minnie Haney, who was married to Charles Furness and had eight children: (A) Hazel, who was married to Oliver Arthur Myers and had two daughters, Doris Evelyn and Verna Eleanor; (B) George Harold, who married Elsie L. Jones and had two children: Myrtle J., and Ralph; (C) Norman Haney, who married Dorothy Margaret Myers; (D) Ethel; (E) Mary Catharine; (F) Warren Edward; (G) Roger Wilson; (H) Grace Myrtle; (b) Cora Haney, unmarried; (c) John Haney, who had a son Stanley by his first wife, Grace Haley, and a son Dick by his second wife, Margaret Patterson; (d) Ella May Haney, who died young; (e) Edward Haney, who married Myrtle Davie and had three children: Elwood, Gladys, and Donald; (f) Esther Haney, who was married to William Johnson. (6) HANNAH L. HANEY (1859-1917), who was married to William Tetteimer and had six children; (a) Alfred S. Tetteimer, who married Grace R. Quinby; (b) Harvey Tetteimer, who married and had two children; (c) Helen Tetteimer, who was married to Edward Hynshaw and had a son William; (d) Emma Tetteimer; (e) Merl Tetteimer; (f) Paul Tetteimer. (7) JOHN M. HANEY (1863- ? ), who died in childhood.

The preceding item concerning the brief life of the youngest child of the youngest child of Michael Heaney (1756-1830) concludes the review of that pioneer's progeny. Membership in the Haney Family Association is not confined to that group of descendants, but is open to those who are mentioned in the next chapter.



## OTHER BUCKS COUNTY HANEYS

We must not assume that all the Haneys or Heaneys living in northern Bucks County were descended from the first settler of that name. It is evident that various families of that name cannot be traced back to Michael Heaney or Jacob Heaney. There was, for example, a Jacob Haney (1819-1888), who with his wife Anna Piatt (1836-1905) and their youngest son Jacob, Jr., is buried in the Ottsville Churchyard, a few feet from the scene of our annual reunions. He is said to have come from the West, where he had a brother and a sister. His eleven children were: (1) Mary Ellen Haney; (2) William Haney; (3) Emma C. Haney, who was married to Franklin Eichlin and had three children: (a) Anna, who was married to W. O. Steeley and had two children: Viola and Ralph; (b) Russell, who had a son Darwin; (c) Daisy, an active member of the Executive Committee, who was married to Cleveland Overpeck and had a son Clarence; (4) Ruth Alice Haney, who was married to a Mr. Haring; (5) Maggie Haney, who became Mrs. Deemer; (6) Amanda Haney; (7) Frank Haney; (8) Oscar W. Haney, who married Maria Keller and had a daughter Elsie Viola; (9) Sallie Haney, who was married to Frank Wismer; (10) Laura Haney, who was married to Elias Wismer; (11) Jacob Haney, Jr., who died in childhood.

Another near-by Haney family is that of Aaron C. Haney, of Milford, New Jersey. His father was John W. Haney (1818- ? ), and had a brother William W. Haney, who settled in Logansport, Indiana, where his son William E. Haney married and had two daughters: Carrie and a Mrs. Uhl. John W. Haney's six children were: (1) Aaron C. Haney, who married Mary E. Gray and had two sons: (a) Frank G., who married Minnie S. Insley and had a daughter Hazel M.; and (b) Walter G., who married Elizabeth Ulmer and had two children: Mary Ulmer and Walter G., Jr.; (2) Hugh S. Haney, who had two children: (a) Jonas and (b) Ethel, who became Mrs. Stryker; (3) Mary E. Haney, who became Mrs. Young; (4) Howard, who married and had a son John W.; (5) William Haney; (6) Albert Haney.

There are many other Haneys in Berks, Lehigh, and Northampton counties, Pennsylvania, and in west-central New Jersey, especially along the Delaware River. A considerable number of Michael Heaney's descendants live in or near Philadelphia. Others live in New York, Providence, and Detroit. The long-distance record is probably held by Walter L. Haney, who lives in Olawalu, Maui, Hawaii.

## OTHER BOOKS CURRENTLY AVAILABLE

We have a number of books in the series of Current History. The first book in the series is "The History of the United States" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the United States from the beginning to the present. The second book is "The History of the World" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the world from the beginning to the present. The third book is "The History of the United States" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the United States from the beginning to the present. The fourth book is "The History of the World" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the world from the beginning to the present. The fifth book is "The History of the United States" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the United States from the beginning to the present. The sixth book is "The History of the World" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the world from the beginning to the present. The seventh book is "The History of the United States" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the United States from the beginning to the present. The eighth book is "The History of the World" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the world from the beginning to the present. The ninth book is "The History of the United States" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the United States from the beginning to the present. The tenth book is "The History of the World" by James O. Easton. It is a comprehensive history of the world from the beginning to the present.

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## HANEYS IN THE REVOLUTION

A considerable number of the Haneys of south-eastern Pennsylvania served in the Revolutionary War, although none attained high military rank. As already indicated, the three oldest sons of Jacob Heaney (1713-1801), namely, Anthony, Simon, and Michael, all enlisted in the Militia of Tinicum Township, Bucks County, Pa. Our direct ancestor, Michael Heaney (1756-1830), served as a private in the 8th Penna. Regiment, Continental Line (Penna. Archives, Fifth Series, vol. III, page 360).

Others were Charles Haney, a fifer, and William Haney, a private, in the 2d Penna. Battalion; Samuel Haney and Philip Hainey, of the Penna. Rifle Regiment; Henry Heany, of the 1st Penna. Regiment, Continental Line; David Haney and Daniel Heaney of the 5th Penna. Line; Henry Hainey of the 11th Penna. Line; David Heany of the 1st Partisan Legion.

Besides these, various other Haneys are listed in different branches of military service, both in Pennsylvania and New Jersey.



## OTHER HANEYS IN THE UNITED STATES

The name Haney occurs frequently in the directories of most American cities, especially in those having a large Irish population, such as New York, Chicago, Boston, Pittsburgh, and Detroit. There are over a hundred Haney's listed in each of the directories of New York, Chicago and Philadelphia. In Philadelphia there were 23 Haney's in 1860, 59 in 1878, 98 in 1903, and 108 in 1928.

The family is well represented in New England, Ohio, Indiana, the prairie states, Virginia, and Kentucky. It is rarer in the South and Southwest. It occurs in Canada, but is virtually unknown in England, where the Hannays, Hanneys, and Hanleys come from different stock.

One interesting Haney line is that of the Rev. James Haney, who migrated in the 18th Century from Ireland. He was a Methodist minister for sixty years and was followed in the ministry by four of his six sons. He was married twice and had nine children altogether. His oldest son, Thomas Richard Haney (1812-1900), was a circuit-rider in the Spoon River Valley district of Illinois, where he was known as "Uncle Dick" Haney during the sixty-six years of his ministry. He was a close personal friend of Abraham Lincoln and an army chaplain during the Civil War. He is also noted as one of the founders of Northwestern University, at Evanston, Illinois.

Among his ten children, most of whom settled in Kansas, was a son who became a minister. A half-brother of Thomas Richard Haney was the Rev. Milton L. Haney (1825-1922), who held various pastorates in Illinois, entered the Civil War as a chaplain and came out as a colonel. Later he moved to Pasadena, California. At the time of his death at the age of 97 he was survived by a son Conrad, the father of Lewis Henry Haney, the well-known professor of economics at New York University, whose career is summarized on page 39.





## HANEYS IN "WHO'S WHO IN AMERICA"

At different times five members of the Haney family have been added to the ranks of those whose brief biographical sketches appear in "Who's Who in America," which is published every two years. A short account is given of each in the order in which they have been added to that important reference work.

Dick Haney was born 1852 in Lansing, Iowa, the son of John and Fanny Toll Haney. He studied at Iowa Wesleyan University and at the State University of Iowa. After practicing law for some years at Lansing, he removed to South Dakota, where he was elected Circuit Judge (1889-1896) and later Judge of the Supreme Court of South Dakota (1896-1913). Subsequently he served as a State Senator and as a member of the Code Commission of South Dakota.

John Louis Haney was born 1877 in Philadelphia, the son of Hiram G. and Flora Scherer Haney. He received his education at the Central High School and at the University of Pennsylvania, where he achieved the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. He was an instructor in English at the Central High School (1900-1904), then assistant professor (1905-1906), professor of English Philology (1906-1916), Head of the Department of English (1916-1920), and President of the School since 1920. He was for many years a director and officer of Derr-Haney Company, a wholesale drygoods and notion house in which his father, "Major" Haney was engaged. More recently he became a Trustee and Secretary of the Presser Foundation, Secretary of the Presser Home for Retired Music Teachers, and a director of the Theodore Presser Co. and the John Church Co. He has written several books dealing with English and American literature.

James Parton Haney was born 1869 in New York City, the son of Jesse and Martha Edwards Haney. He was educated in the College of the City of New York, studied medicine, and received the degree of M.D., but after practicing for a few years, he turned to art and became a popular lecturer on that subject in New York University. From 1896 to 1909 he served as Director of Art and Manual Training in the Public School System of New York City, being instrumental in organizing the work on an efficient basis. In 1909 he was made Director of Art for the High Schools of New



York, and continued in that activity until his untimely death in 1923. He wrote extensively in his chosen field and was known throughout the country as a brilliant lecturer on art topics.

Lewis Henry Haney was born 1882 in Eureka, Illinois, the son of Conrad and Sada Pavey Haney. He was educated at Illinois Wesleyan University and at Dartmouth College, later taking the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at the University of Wisconsin. He served as a teacher of economics at the University of Iowa, New York University, the University of Michigan, and the University of Texas. He was also active in the work of the Federal Trade Commission and similar bodies. Since 1920 he has been Director of the New York University Bureau of Business Research and is recognized today as one of our leading authorities in the field of economics.

Bert Emory Haney was born 1879 in LaFayette, Oregon, the son of John and Mary Harris Haney. After studying at Willamette University and the University of Oregon, he began the practice of law at Portland, Oregon. He served as Deputy District Attorney for the Fourth Judicial District of that state. He was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee and was appointed United States Attorney for the District of Oregon by President Wilson. From 1923 to 1926 he served on the United States Shipping Board. His period of service was at a time when there was widespread interest in the activities of the Shipping Board. Apart from his public service record he is recognized in Oregon today as one of the leading members of the bar in that commonwealth.

York and continued in that policy until the outbreak of 1914. The same attitude is the same still and was shown throughout the country as a British subject as it was.

Lord Balfour's speech was made in 1917 in London. It was of course not the first speech. It was made at a time of crisis and with the war in progress. It was made at a time when the British Empire was at its greatest extent and when the British people were at their highest level of patriotism and loyalty to the King and the Empire.

The speech was a landmark in the history of the British Empire. It was a declaration of the British people's support for the war and for the British Empire. It was a declaration of the British people's faith in the King and the Empire. It was a declaration of the British people's confidence in the British Government and the British people.

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## THE HANEY FAMILY ASSOCIATION

Although innumerable Haney families during the past two centuries spent their lives in close personal relationships in the northern part of Bucks County, Pennsylvania, there were no formal gatherings of the family until 1910, when, under the leadership of Michael G. Haney, of Ottsville, an invitation was sent to various Haney families to meet on September 3d at the old Ottsville Church. As Michael Haney at that time lived on the farm next to the church, he and his family were most active in planning for the first meeting. Unfortunately, the day turned out to be stormy. Rain came early and continued most of the day. Not more than forty persons were present in the church when the meeting was called to order at 2.30 o'clock. In spite of the small attendance, it was decided to establish the Haney Family Association. Temporary organization was effected with John Louis Haney, of Philadelphia, as President, and Michael G. Haney, of Ottsville, and Aaron S. Haney, of Frenchtown, as an Executive Committee. Before adjourning it was proposed that the second reunion be held at Tohickon Park on the last Saturday of August, 1911.

During the intervening year, the Executive Committee, with the advice of other members of the family, made two important decisions that have become traditional. They decided that the date should be the last Saturday of July instead of August, and that the place should continue to be the historic Ottsville Church. Thus they stressed the thought that the family reunion was no mere week-end picnic, but the gathering of an old clan on ground rich in family associations. The day selected for the Second Reunion (July 29, 1911) was in glorious contrast with the first. The ideal summer weather brought out over 300 persons. An attractive four-page printed program announced the exercises for both morning and afternoon sessions. There were addresses by Rev. C. B. Weaver, Rev. C. C. Snyder, Michael G. Haney, Aaron S. Haney, Lewis Sigafos, Harvey S. Haney and John Louis Haney. Arrangements for social entertainment were in the hands of an efficient Committee including Mrs. J. S. Snyder, Mrs. Hiram Mills, Mrs. Michael G. Haney, and Mrs. Thomas Messer. At the business



meeting John Louis Haney declined nomination for the Presidency, and the following officers were elected: President, Harvey S. Haney; Vice-President, John Louis Haney; Secretary, Oscar Haney; Treasurer, Michael G. Haney; Historian, Paul Haney. The ladies mentioned above were elected to the Executive Committee.

At the Third Reunion (July 27, 1912) the weather was again most favorable and the attendance good. Rev. S. S. Diehl and Rev. C. B. Weaver were present and participated in the program. The usual literary and musical features were varied by a drill performed by sixteen girls. The officers and committee members were re-elected.

The Fourth Reunion (July 26, 1913) was notable for the largest attendance thus far, as well as the best program. In the absence of the President, Lewis Sigafos presided. Rev. William A. Fluck took part, as well as Rev. S. S. Diehl and Rev. C. B. Weaver. A new song, "The Haney Clan," by Lewis Sigafos, was sung for the first time.

Lest our ancestors be forgot,  
(Which would be most unkind)  
The Haney Clan has gathered here  
To call them back to mind:  
And we as representatives  
Of this great family tree,  
Rejoice to welcome you today  
In love and unity.

#### CHORUS

Then for the honor of our Clan  
Let joyful songs be sung;  
That age may vanish on this day  
And every heart be young.

And so we hope from year to year  
Our friendship to renew  
And ever to the Haney name  
Be loyal, brave and true;  
Let nothing daunt our courage till  
We lay our armor down,  
Our work well done, may we deserve  
To wear the victor's crown.

A group of young folks produced a dramatic scene called "Adalina's Arrival." The reports and the business meeting were most interesting. The officers and the committee were re-elected.

At the Fifth Reunion (July 25, 1914) an early morning rain was followed by a delightful day. The excellent program included

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a drill by eight girls, together with the usual addresses and reports. Mr. Lewis Sigafos was elected Historian. The other officers were re-elected.

The Sixth Reunion (July 31, 1915) came near the anniversary of the outbreak of the Great War. It was a clear, hot day. Besides the usual literary and musical program, several patriotic features were introduced. The officers were re-elected. A Memorial Committee, consisting of Mrs. Oscar Haney, Mrs. William Fretz, and Mrs. Cora Haney was appointed. Michael G. Haney, our Treasurer, and more than any other person influential in organizing the Family Association, was present, although in very poor health. He died on September 19th of that year.

At the Seventh Reunion (July 29, 1916) a longer program than usual was arranged. Rev. S. S. Diehl, Rev. C. B. Weaver, and Rev. W. A. Fluck participated. The weather was ideal for the "games in the woods" which had been arranged for the children and adults as well by Sarah and Helen Moyer. At the business meeting Edward Haney was elected Treasurer to succeed the late Michael G. Haney, and Paul Haney was once more elected Historian.

Before the time of the Eighth Reunion (July 28, 1917) our country had entered the Great War. The fine day brought out a large gathering. Besides the usual features the program included a series of track and athletic events, as well as singing games. John Louis Haney spoke of "The Nation at War." He was elected Historian to succeed Paul Haney, who was in military service.

The Ninth Reunion (July 27, 1918) found the President, Harvey S. Haney, in military service abroad. The printed program was not provided and the exercises in general were in keeping with the serious spirit of the times. Rev. C. B. Weaver gave an inspiring patriotic address. The officers and committees were re-elected.

The Tenth Reunion (July 26, 1919) was made memorable by the address of President Harvey S. Haney, recounting his war experiences with the Italian Army. Besides the Rev. S. S. Diehl and Rev. W. A. Fluck, the family was favored by Rev. H. D. Sassaman, who informed his audience that he had preached his first sermon in the Ottsville Church. The officers were re-elected and the Executive Committee was enlarged to include Mrs. J. S. Snyder, Mrs. Hiram Mills, Mrs. William Eichlin, Mrs. Thomas Messer, Mrs. Mame Fretz, as well as Messrs. J. S. Snyder, Charles George, and William Eichlin.



The Eleventh Reunion (July 31, 1920) came on a hot, threatening day. There were addresses by Rev. S. S. Diehl, Rev. C. B. Weaver, and Dr. G. M. Grim. Besides electing once more the regular officers, the Association added John Dubbs to the Executive Committee.

The Twelfth Reunion (July 30, 1921) had an unusual feature on the program. Several musical numbers were played by a small orchestra organized for the occasion. President Harvey S. Haney presided and John Louis Haney delivered an historical address. At the business meeting Norman Refsnider was elected Treasurer and Mrs. Cleveland Overpeck was added to the Executive Committee.

The Thirteenth Reunion (July 29, 1922) was well attended and proved to be another pleasant occasion. There were talks by Dr. G. M. Grim and Mr. Lewis Sigafos. On this occasion the Historian first suggested the idea of having a printed history of the family. The officers and committees were re-elected, the Memorial Committee consisting of Mrs. William Fretz and Mrs. Oscar Haney.

The Fourteenth Reunion (July 28, 1923) experienced the first heavy rainfall since 1910. In the absence of both President and Secretary, Mr. Hiram Mills presided, and John Louis Haney acted as Secretary. There had been some talk of discontinuing the reunions, but in spite of the dismal weather and the small attendance, those present voted emphatically to maintain the Association and the annual gatherings. The usual officers and committees were re-elected.

The Fifteenth Reunion (July 26, 1924) enjoyed ideal weather, was well attended, and found the members of the Association in more optimistic frame of mind than the year before. Rev. J. W. Gilds and Rev. S. S. Diehl were present and spoke. The usual literary and musical program was followed by the re-election of the officers and committees.

At the Sixteenth Reunion (July 25, 1925) a morning downpour was so heavy and persistent that the first session was abandoned. At the afternoon program addresses were delivered by Rev. J. W. Gilds, Lewis Sigafos, and the Historian. The minutes recorded the death of our friends Rev. S. S. Diehl and Dr. G. M. Grim since our last meeting. Officers and committees were re-elected.

The Seventeenth Reunion (July 31, 1926) came on a cloudy day. In addition to Rev. J. W. Gilds we welcomed Rev. Charles L.



Mogel, who had succeeded to the pastorate of the late Rev. S. S. Diehl. The officers and committees were re-elected, but the name of Mrs. Levi Huber was added to the Executive Committee.

The weather on the day of the Eighteenth Reunion (July 30, 1927) was fine, but the clan was so slow in gathering that the morning exercises were merged with the afternoon program. Rev. J. W. Gilds and Rev. C. L. Mogel participated. At this meeting the officers and Executive Committee were re-elected, but a new Memorial Committee was organized, consisting of Mrs. Chester Trauger and Mrs. Cora Haney. Rain came just as supper was being served, but did not interfere with the conclusion of a memorable day.

In the interval between the Eighteenth and the Nineteenth Reunion the Haney Family Association suffered a serious loss in the death of President Harvey S. Haney, whose loyalty and enthusiasm had been so helpful from the beginning. It happened that Vice-President John Louis Haney was on an important trip in South Carolina at the time of the Nineteenth Reunion (July 28, 1928) and could not arrange to be present. In his absence Mrs. Lewis Sigafos was asked to preside. In memory of the late President of the Association, the family was led in prayer by Rev. J. W. Gilds. The program was largely a memorial service for Harvey S. Haney, with many tributes from his friends. The following officers were elected: President, John Louis Haney; Vice-President, Edward Haney; Secretary, Mrs. Lloyd Haney; Treasurer, Mr. Norman Refsnider. The Committees were re-elected. With the extensive changes indicated began a new period in the history of the Haney Family Association.

The Twentieth Reunion (July 27, 1929) had clear weather and an attendance of over 200. The new President, John Louis Haney, was in the chair. A single afternoon session was held at which Rev. J. W. Gilds and Rev. C. L. Mogel spoke. The President announced that as Historian he hoped to have a brief family history ready to be printed and distributed in 1930, when the Haney Family Association would be twenty years old. The officers and committees were re-elected for another term.

The Twenty-first Reunion (July 26, 1930) marked the occasion when the Family Association completed twenty years of existence. It was one of the hottest days yet chosen for the Reunion. In honor of the unusual occasion, the church was beautifully decorated with



gladioli, as well as with the colors of the Haney Clan. The attendance was well over 200. The business meeting was held as a morning session, which proved to be a very satisfactory change. The officers and committees were asked to serve another year. After an enjoyable dinner in the grove a photograph of the family group was taken. The literary and musical program of the afternoon was one of the most interesting in recent years. Addresses were delivered by Rev. J. W. Gilds, Rev. W. A. Fluck, and Mr. Lewis Sigafos. Members of the family, including many youngsters, contributed musical numbers and recitations. During the exercises a heavy storm came up and interfered somewhat with the Committee's arrangements for sports and games, which were conducted later and afforded much pleasure. Although light rain continued to fall late in the afternoon, it was possible to serve supper in the grove, this bringing to a conclusion a very successful reunion.





## In Memoriam

M I C H A E L G. H A N E Y

Founder of the Haney Family Association

(1843-1915)

H A R V E Y S. H A N E Y

President (1911-1928) of the Haney Family Association

(1884-1928)

S A R A H E. S I G A F O O S H A N E Y

"Aunt Sally" of the Haney Reunions

(1857-1929)

1875-1876

REPORT OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE  
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

FOR THE YEAR

ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1875

ALBANY:

WHELAN & COMPANY, PRINTERS  
1876

















